A New Era of Waste Collection: IOT Based Smart Waste-Bin

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Abstract

Internet of Things (IoT) allows linking devices that use the Internet with the ability to collect and market data. The object network refers to a type of network that links all the data based on specific protocols during the collection of information, replacement and communication tools to perform intelligent functions of detection, positioning, monitoring, monitoring, and administration. The IoT has affected in entire areas of humanoid, exertion, strength as well as the social area, which resolve significantly affect the possible development of the global financial community. Recent scientific advancements have led to an increase in the carbon footprint. Energy efficiency in the IoT has been magnetizing a lot of thought as of researchers & designers above the last pair of years, concrete the way for an emerging area called green IoT. we describe system aimed at insolent waste bin with the help of some electronics devices, website or app statement system as well as real-time monitoring scheme that is unified to every other to implement as an effectual, cost-effective waste management scheme that produces to a green as well as healthy alive atmosphere. Wastage management involves not only the gathering of the trash in the garbage collector at a particular place but also the transfer and removal to the suitable locations. We presented smart waste-bin that may manage waste in a smart city scheme. The scheme comprises of sensors to quantity level of waste, temperature, moisture, Hazard gas level privileged smart bin. Scheme similarly adapt with network environment, to achieve all data after waste management. As a consequence, we suggested a prototype of smart waste-bin that proper for numerous sympathetic of conservative waste-bin.

Keywords: Internet of things, Android mobile, WiFi module, GPS module, Temperature Sensor, Moisture Sensor, Buzzer, LCD, Infrared sensor, Ardunio, Power supply adaptor

1. Introduction

A smart solid waste bin functions to ensure that its level is measured efficiently with minimal consumption of resources. Presently, stimulating solutions are obligatory for solid waste management owing to the rapid increase in a residential area as well as the economy in the greatest cities of the world. Solid Waste Management is an expensive urban service that uses 30% of the city's annual budget in numerous developing countries [1]. Afterward various surveys as well as studies conducted by several organizations, it remained found that the impact of solid waste management as well as a decrease in technical infrastructure. Municipal officials consume insufficient properties aimed at waste disposal corporations so that they

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may effectively products garbage. This is a big waste of resources as soon as collecting garbage [2][3][4]. Operating costs may be complete very efficiently to reduce operating costs. In today's connected device era, IoT technology is transforming society in numerous domains, including healthcare, manufacturing automation, also automobile as well as smart cities [5].

Waste management is a significant problem. This project is the main reason. Though the world is in the procedure of classification, there is a requirement to pay attention to another problem. Garbage! There are loads of waste as well as sewage photos from the heap of garbage everywhere. This leads to various diseases. We come in procedure of an automatic waste dissociation which categorizes wastes in wet, dry as well as metal [6]

Waste management is a continuous waste problem at universal as well as community level. Household waste dropped in waste may be composed at a permanent time. IoT is consequently not effective as present technology. Smart City influences numerous dynamic events for example traffic management, waste management, metro rescue, as well as environmental inspections. Smart City Resolutions guarantees people to solve current unrest in cities, such as cleaning traffic jams, plummeting noise in cities as well as dependence [7][8][9][10].

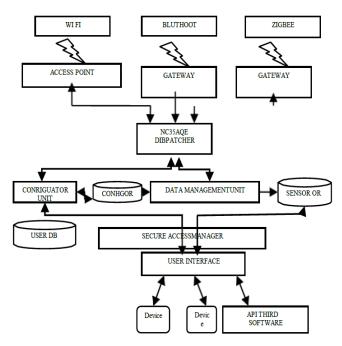


Figure 1. Internet of Things

Internet of Things (IoT) is a modern communiqué pattern that will imagine near impending, in which objects of routine life will be prepared with microcontrollers, transceivers aimed at digital communiqué, as well as appropriate protocol that will type them able to transport with one another as well as with operators, suitable an important fragment of Internet. [11][12][13][14]

The communication of many embedded device with the internet known as "Internet of things". It may be four steps with computing, programming, interfacing as well as networking. Now computing, we may usage microcontrollers or microprocessor such as microcontrollers (8051, AVR, Arduino) as well as a microprocessor (raspberry pie), depending on the user requirement as well as programming of together embedded C programming microcontrollers

and Python programming. For microprocessors i, E Raspberry, the interfacing user can use any type of electronic device or sensor for analog or digital sensor as well as ultimate networking IoT (the Internet of things) determination play a significant role, they are two types of LANs and WANs [15].

It is fundamental trouble in various progressed urban networks, in light of equally the charge of the association and the issue of the breaking point of waste in landfills. A huger path of ICT designs in this space, regardless, may achieve gigantic assets and efficient and environmental favourable circumstances.

In this paper, we have suggested the IoT Internet of Materials-based Smart West Disposal Scheme, which permits waste management authorities to monitor the status and status of dust particles on a regular basis. This is a unique idea aimed at usage of a desperate garbage container; Concept "IoT based solid waste management scheme aimed at smart city" [16] dedicated to sensing systems as well as algo for a solid waste bin to mechanize solid waste management procedure. Numerous sensitive approaches were combined as well as integrated into their results aimed at detection as well as dimension of bin state. Though results, as well as developed algorithms, are measured for monitoring, in this letter, we have a precise system that may be deployed in public places in the dust as well as its location aimed at the web browser. A remote control enables us to screen efficient waste management permits.

2. Proposed method for smart waste bin

we consume apprehended amount of times dustbins are receiving flood as well as concern individual do not acquire data inside a period as well as owing which unsanitary situation confined in the environment in meantime awful stench spread out because of waste, awful look of the city which makes ready of air contamination and to some unsafe infections around the territory which is effectively spreadable., we available insolent waste-bin that may manage the misfortune in a insolent city venture. The framework likewise adjusts with arranging condition, to deal with all data from waste management.

In previous time, for throwing the garbage people have to wait for dustbin van. If dustbin van did not come on proper time and there is no dustbin near to the location of that area. Then there was a problem with citizens how they can track the position of a dustbin and where they decompose the garbage. If I want to the complaint about that then they have to go to the dept. for these reasons, the public wears a lot of problems [8].

To reduce these problems, we have to make a mobile application, but we are using an open source website for student and researchers that is www.thingspeak.com. by this, we can track the proper dustbin location and find out dustbin are placed in the local area [9][10]. Also for complaining about this, we use a mobile number of repair. Through this, we can complain to the higher authority. So, we can try to solve the problem of people. Citizens provide to have better service, and a very easy process through this care service.

Hardware contains many sensors and one microcontroller that are described in the requirement specification section. The microcontroller programmed through the software Arduino IDE 1.8.5. The sensors collect all the data and send it to Arduino microcontroller. Then, microcontroller displays the data on LCD and through the assistance of the wifi module the data is sent on the server of "things speak". The administration can see all the data through "www.thingspeak.com" and truck driver show the status level of the bin through its app.

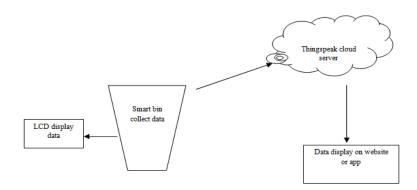


Figure 2. Process of propose methodology

2.1. Smart bin module

The level detector comprises of ultraviolet sensor which is utilized to recognize the level of waste in the dustbin. Give way of stage pointer is specified to Arduino.At the point when the bin is topped off to the most elevated amount, the yield of electromagnetic device beneficiary winds up dynamic low.

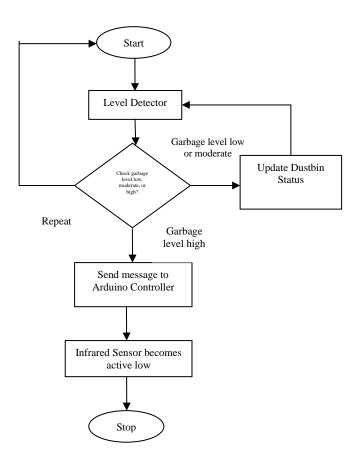


Figure 3. Smart bin Module process

2.2. IoT Module

This outcome is assumed to Arduino to transfer communication to admin module via IoT component.

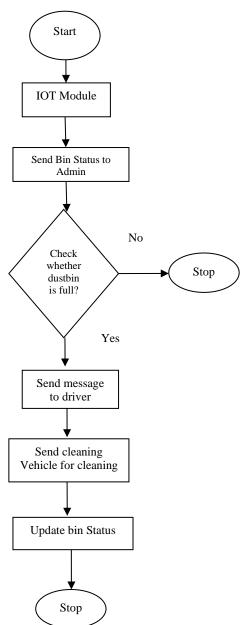


Figure 4. IoT Module process

2.3. Admin Module

Admin module is existing where entirely actions are achieved. Scheduling, Routing, Apprise status as well as transfer Statement.

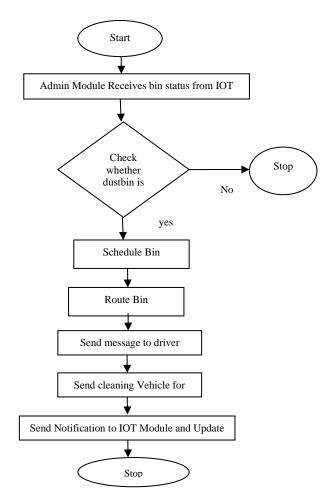


Figure 5. Admin Module process

2.4. Driver Module

- Receive notification
- Clean bin
- Send notification

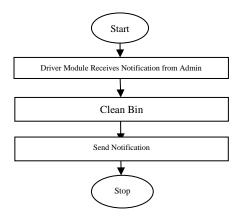


Figure 6. Driver Module process

2.5. User Module

- User can register a complaint.
- He/She can search nearby dustbin.

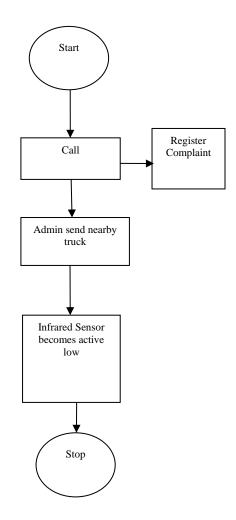


Figure 7. User Module process

3. Experimental setup & implementation

Assembling smart waste bin, we use a group of sensors and one microcontroller that is Arduino pro mini 328. A prototype of dustbin is made with two boxes unique is intended on behalf of wet waste and other unique is aimed at the dry waste. The dry bin contains embedded wet sensor. The LCD 16*2 (HD44780) displays all the data collected by the sensor. Voltage regulator IC 7805 is fixed to provide a 5V regulated power supply. Both waste bin contains Ultrasonic Sensor (HC-SR04) to measure garbage near of bin. Gas Sensor (MQ-135) provides safety from harmful gases. GPS module GY-NEO6MV2 fixed to detect bin location. A fire alarm scheme is made by the help of Temperature sensor IC LM 35 and Buzzer. Wi-Fi module (ESP8266-01) help for a data connection by which data can be sent to the server of "thing speak".

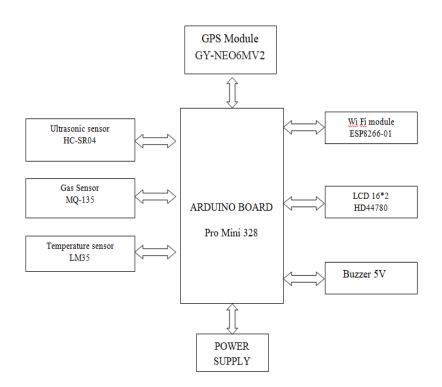


Figure 8. Block diagram of Experimental Setup

3.1. Software Requirement

Arduino IDE 1.8.5-The Arduino combined improvement atmosphere is utilized to transcribe and upload programs to Arduino board. It supports languages and C++. It is designed for Windows, Mac OS, and Linux.

3.2. Functional Requirement

3.2.1. Smart bin

The level detector comprises of ultraviolet sensor which is utilized to recognize the level of denying in the dustbin. the yield of the level locator is assumed to Arduino.Right after dustbin is finished off to the most unusual sum, the yield of infrared instrument authority winds up powerful low. This yield is given to Arduino to refer communication to the administrator module by means of IoT component.

3.2.2. Admin module

It is accessible wherever each one of the actions is managed. The amount of the control room depends upon the dustbins appear in the region. The overseer sitting in the control room screens the entire structure. The IoT Module is related to the PC of the Admin module through Arduino.The entire structure is screen by the chairman sitting in the control room. The similar IoT Module is used to send the communication to the officially required laborer for cleaning the dustbin.

4. Result and analysis

In this paper, we collect all the results from the website of thing speak and it's mobile App. The result contains real-time data sheet and graphs. The graphs are showing the position, level, temperature & harmful gas level with respect to time and date. [Table 1] is generated by the thing speak website in the form of '.CSV file' that can be open from Microsoft Excel. The fields 1,2,3,4,5 represent dry bin level, wet bin level, harmful gas level, bin temperature, and positional value respectively. 'Created at' shown the time and date of data collection.

Created_at	Entry_id	Field1	Field2	Field3	Field4	Field5					
2019-04-06 14:22:56 UTC	1	16	17	343	25.35	2613.173					
2019-04-06 14:23:25 UTC	2	16	16	340	27.5	2613.172					
2019-04-06 14:23:54 UTC	3	16	17	339	25.35	2613.173					
2019-04-06 14:24:23 UTC	4	16	16	344	27.5	2613.177					
2019-04-06 14:24:52 UTC	5	16	16	348	25.78	2613.174					
2019-04-06 14:25:21 UTC	6	17	16	352	25.78	2613.175					
2019-04-06 14:25:50 UTC	7	17	16	355	25.35	2613.173					
2019-04-06 14:26:19 UTC	8	16	16	358	25.78	2613.175					
2019-04-06 14:26:48 UTC	9	16	16	357	27.5	2613.176					
2019-04-06 14:27:17 UTC	10	16	16	354	26.64	2613.176					
2019-04-06 14:27:46 UTC	11	16	16	350	27.5	2613.174					
2019-04-06 14:28:15 UTC	12	16	16	346	26.21	2613.175					
2019-04-06 14:28:45 UTC	13	1	1	343	26.21						
2019-04-06 14:29:14 UTC	14	1	16	340	26.21	2613.17494\$GPRMC					
2019-04-06 14:29:43 UTC	15	1	1	340	27.5						
2019-04-06 14:30:12 UTC	16	1	1	346	27.5	2613.17582\$GPRMC					
2019-04-06 14:31:10 UTC	17	1	16	353	25.35	2613.17718\$GPRMC					

Table.1 Data table From Thingspeak website

(Field 1 - wet bin, field 2-dry bin, field 3- hazardous gas level, field 4- bin temperature, field 5-GPS position)

In [Figure 9], the line of the graph is showing the positional value of the latitude of the bin with respect to time. As we moving the dustbin the positional value is changing otherwise it will stable.

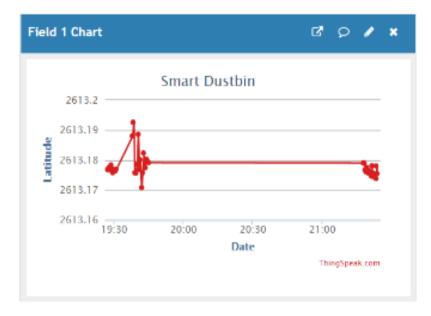


Figure 9. Latitude graph- the graph is showing the latitude position of the bin

In [Figure 10], the line of the graph is showing the positional value of longitude of the bin with respect to time. As we moving the dustbin the positional value is changing otherwise it will stable.

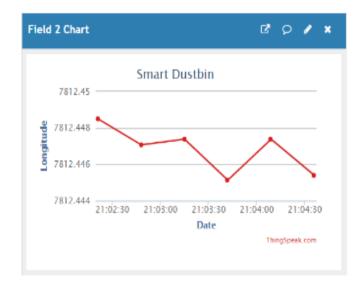


Figure 10. Longitude graph-the graph is showing the longitude position of the bin

In [Figure 11], the line of the graph represents the level of harmful gas with respect to time. The maximize level is 400 at which the buzzer starts alarming.

Field	3 Chart			ß	Q	ø	×
	450	Sma	rt Dustbin				
Harmful Gas	400		•				
Ha	300	21:10	21:15 Date	21:20	••••		
			Latt	Thi	ngSpeak	c.com	

Figure 11. Harmful gas level graph-the graph is showing the harmful gas level

In [Figure 12], the line of graph represents the bin temperature with respect to time. The maximum level is 50 at which buzzer start alarming.

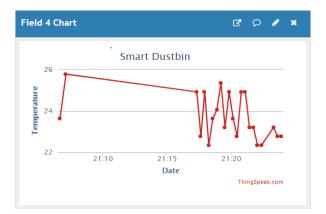


Figure 12. Temperature level graph-the graph is showing the temperature level

In [Figure 13], the line of graph represents the garbage level of the dry bin with respect to time. The numeric values on Y-axis are in millimeter (mm).



Figure 13. Dry bin level - this graph is showing dry bin level

In [Figure 14], the line of graph represents the garbage level of the wet bin with respect to time. The numeric values on Y-axis are in millimeter (mm).

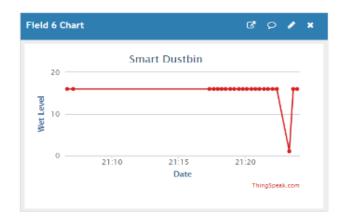


Figure 14. Wet bin level-this graph is showing wet bin level

In [Figure 15], App notification for a truck driver is showing. This is the 'thing speak' widget app in which the status of the dry and wet bin can be seen.



Figure 15. App notification for truck driver

5. Conclusion

This letter presents an outline of the IoT innovation project for the waste organization. This new solution may reduce efficiency as well as cost reduction of waste assortment operations. Implementation of the above structure may be improved for real-time, reliable as well as efficient waste management. This work improves the practicality of IoT based Bin to Track Dustbin and Public Complaint Management System for a smart city. To reduce these problems we made a system, by using this we can track the proper dustbin location and find out how many dustbins are placed in the local area when public living. Also for complaining about this, we use this android app.Through this, we can complain to the higher authority. So we can try to solve the problem of people. Citizens provide to have better service and a very

easy process. From the result analysis, we find Smart Waste Bin works with an internet connection to send waste bin data to control station. Local authorities can use this type of scheme, monitor level of waste collection in real-time, measure their operational performance on the basis of information recorded, predict future operational requirements as well as may plan to provide better service. In a short time to solve the problem of waste collection, the map can be used only to show complete waste bin with a small route to reduce the cost of operation.

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